

Figure 1

```
// Declaration of a pipelined 16 x 16 //
// unsigned multiplier
                         //
RESOURCEDEF MULT16x16_FULLPIPE_UNSIGNED
 // A Multiplier
                      //
 FUNCTIONALITY MULT;
 // The intantiation code for a //
 // specific multiplier
 ATTRIBUTE INSTANTIATION
  // component_name is the specific soft IP
                                  //
  // instance that needs to be accessed
  attribute +
     "input wrap unsigned fixed[16,0]" + component_name + "_A;\n" +
     "input wrap unsigned fixed[16,0]" + component name + "B;\n" +
     "output wrap unsigned fixed[32,0]" + component_name + "_R;\n";
   attribute +
```

```
"instantiate mult16x16_fullpipe_unsigned: " + component_name +
                "A = " + component_name + "_A," +
              "B = " + component_name + "_B," +
              "clk = " + clock_name + "," +
              "clr = " + reset_name + "," +
              "R = " + component_name + "_R" +
           ");";
}
Whether the Soft IP core can
                              //
   perform the multiplication
                             //
ATTRIBUTE CAN_DO
 <MULT>
     if(in1->bitwidth() < 17 && in2->bitwidth() < 17 &&
      in1->is_unsigned() == true && in2->is_unsigned() == true)
       attribute + "true";
     else
       attribute + "false";
```

```
// The Pipeline latency. I.e. the //
 // number of clock cycles after //
 // which new data can be fed to the //
 // pipelined multiplier
 ATTRIBUTE PIPE_DELAY
   <MULT>
      attribute + "1";
// Is this a Combinatorial multiplier //
// or a Sequential multiplier. This //
// decides if this multiplier can be //
// chained or not
ATTRIBUTE COMBINATIONAL
  <MULT>
    {
      attribute + "false";
```

figure 2C

```
// The multiplier latency. I.e. the //
// number of clock cycles after
// which processing is over
                         //
ATTRIBUTE NUM_STATES
 <MULT>
  {
      attribute + "6";
// Interface access mechanism wherein //
// we have fixed latency of 6 clock //
// cycles with a throughput of 1
ATTRIBUTE INTERFACE
  <MULT>
   attribute + "state1: {";
   attribute + component_name + "_A = " + in1->name() + "; \n";
   attribute + component_name + "_B = " + in2->name() + "; \n";
```

```
attribute + "goto state2;\n";
attribute + "}";
attribute + "state2: {";
attribute + "goto state3;\n";
attribute + "}";
attribute + "state3: {";
attribute + "goto state4;\n";
attribute + "}";
attribute + "state4: {";
attribute + "goto state5;\n";
attribute + "}";
attribute + "state5: {";
attribute + "goto state6;\n";
attribute + "}";
attribute + "state6: {";
attribute + out1->name() + " = " + component_name + "_R; \n";
attribute + "goto NEXTSTATE;\n";
attribute + "}";
```

Figure 2e

```
// Declare a new functionality
// which accumulates data
                      //
FUNCTIONALITYDEF ACCUMULATE {
INPUT a, over;
OUTPUT q;
ADD adder;
DCONNECT(a,adder->in1);
DCONNECT(adder->out1,adder->in2);
// Declaration of a accumulator with a //
// variable latency
                     ///
RESOURCEDEF ACCUMULATOR_VAR_LATENCY
// An Accumulator
                       //
FUNCTIONALITY ACCUMULATE;
```

Figure 3a

```
// The adder latency is variable. In //
// that case, this marks the number //
// of states in the interface code //
ATTRIBUTE NUM_STATES
{
 attribute + "2";
// Interface access mechanism wherein //
// we have variable latency
                           //
ATTRIBUTE INTERFACE
   attribute + "state1: {";
   attribute + "if(" + over->name() + " = '1')\{\n'' + \n'' \}
              "goto NEXTSTATE;}\n";
     attribute + "else { " +
              "goto state2;}\n";
   attribute + "}";
     attribute + "state2: {";
   attribute + q->name() + "=" + q->name() + "+" + a->name() + ";";
     attribute + "}\n";
```

```
// Declare a new functionality
                     //
// which accumulates N data
                      //
FUNCTIONALITYDEF ACCUMULATE {
INPUT a,N;
OUTPUT q;
ADD adder;
DCONNECT(a,adder->in1);
DCONNECT(adder->out1,adder->in2);
// Declaration of a accumulator with a //
// variable latency
                      ///
RESOURCEDEF ACCUMULATOR_VAR_LATENCY
 //
 // An Accumulator
 FUNCTIONALITY ACCUMULATE;
                  Figure 4a.
```

```
// The adder latency is variable and //
// is equal to N where N is an input //
// port of the ACCUMULATE function //
ATTRIBUTE NUM_STATES
 attribute + "1";
// Interface access mechanism wherein //
// we have variable latency
                          //
ATTRIBUTE INTERFACE
   attribute + "state1: {";
   attribute + "for(i = 0;i < " +
             N-=name() + "; i = i + 1){"};
     attribute + q->name() + "=" + q->name() +
             " + " + a->name() + ";}\n";
     attribute + "goto NEXTSTATE;\n";
     attribute + "}\n";
```

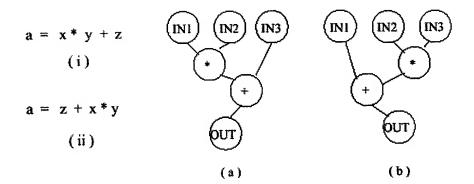


Figure 5